AMENDMENT TO THE CLAIMS

The following claim set replaces all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

- 1. (currently amended) An improved process for the preparation of at least one primary alcohol by the hydrogenation of an unsaturated aldehyde reaction product produced by an aqueous base-catalyzed crossed-aldol reaction between a first aldehyde containing 3-5 carbons and a second aldehyde containing 6-11 carbons, the improvement comprising enhancing the selectivity of the crossed-aldol condensation reaction through the use of a water-soluble phase-transfer catalyst, and removing the phase-transfer catalyst from the reaction product by water washing.
- 2. (original) The process of claim 1, wherein the 3-5 carbon aldehyde is propionaldehyde, n-butyraldehyde, isovaleraldehyde, or valeraldehyde.
- 3. (original) The process of claim 1, wherein 2, 4-diethyloctanol is produced concurrently with 2-ethylhexanol via the hydrogenation of 2-ethyl-2-hexenal and 2,4-diethyl-2-octenal produced form an aldol condensation reaction, which makes use of n-butyraldehyde and 2-ethylhexanal as the reactant aldehydes.
- 4. (original) The process of claim 3, wherein the molar ratio of 2-ethylhexanal to n-butyraldehyde fed to the crossed-aldol condensation reaction is about 1 to about 5.
- 5. (original) The process of claim 3, wherein the molar ratio of 2-ethylhexanal to n-butyraldehyde fed to the crossed-aldol condensation reaction is about 1 to about 10.
- 6. (currently amended) The process of claim 3, wherein said 2-ethylhexanal is produced by partial hydrogenation of 2-ethyl-2-hexenal using a Group VIII metal catalyst, said 2-ethyl-2-hexenal being produced by an aldol condensation reaction of p-butytraldehyde <u>n-butyraldehyde</u>.

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- 7. (original) The process of claim 3, wherein a portion of the unreacted 2-ethylhexanal and 2-ethyl-2-hexenal are covered from the crossed-aldol condensation reaction product in preference to hydrogenation to 2-ethylhexanol.
- 8. (original) The process of claim 7, wherein 2-ethylhexanal is produced by the Group VIII metal catalyzed partial hydrogenation of said recovered 2-ethyl-2-hexenal.
 - 9. (original) The process of claim 8, wherein the Group VIII metal is palladium.
- 10. (original) The process of claim 1, wherein the water soluble phase transfer catalyst is quaternary ammonium or phosphonium salt.

11. (cancelled)

- 12. (currently amended) The process of elaim 11 claim 1, wherein the phase-transfer catalyst is recovered from the water washing by the addition of an alkali metal hydroxide to the water washing to a concentration of 2.5 to 12.5 molar, thereby producing a first phase containing the majority of the phase-transfer catalyst and a second aqueous alkali metal hydroxide phase.
- 13. (original) The process of claim 12, wherein the alkali metal hydroxide is sodium hydroxide.
- 14. (original) The process of claim 10, wherein the cationic portion of the phase-transfer catalyst is methyltributylammonium, tetrabutylammonium, benzyltriethylammonium, ethyltributylammonium, tetraethylammonium, tetrahexylammonium, tetrapropylammonium, or tetrabutylphosphonium.
- 15. (original) The process of claim 10, wherein the anionic portion of the phase-transfer catalyst is chloride, bromide, iodide, bisulfate, sulfate, or hydroxide.

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- 16. (original) The process of claim 1, wherein the aqueous base is an alkali metal hydroxide.
- 17. (original) The process of claim 16, wherein the alkali metal hydroxide is sodium hydroxide or potassium hydroxide.
- 18. (currently amended) The process of claim 17 wherein the aqueous base comprises a 10-50 weight percent solution of sodium hydroxide is used.
- |19. (original) The process of claim 1, wherein the aqueous base is the hydroxide form of a quaternary ammonium or phosphonium salt.
- 20. (original) The process of claim 1, wherein the aldol reaction is performed at a temperature from about 30 to 100°C.
- 21. (original) The process of claim 1, wherein the aldol reaction is performed at a temperature from about 30 to about 120°C.
- 22. (original) The process of claim 1, wherein the crossed-aldol reaction takes place in a two-phase system comprising a first organic aldehyde phase and a second aqueous phase, and the phase-transfer catalyst is primarily in the organic aldehyde phase.
- 23. (original) The process of claim 1, wherein the crossed-aldol reaction takes place in a three-phase system comprising a first organic aldehyde phase, a second aqueous phase, and a third phase containing the majority of the phase-transfer catalyst.
- 24. (currently amended) The process of claim 1, <u>wherein</u> the molar ratio of the phase-transfer catalyst to the first aldehyde is about 0.01 to about 1.
- 25. (original) The process of claim 1, wherein the molar ratio of aqueous base to the first aldehyde is about 0.1 to about 2.

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- 26. (original) The process of claim 1, wherein the aldol reaction is performed in a continuous or batch reactor.
- 27. (original) The process of claim 1, wherein the unsaturated aldehyde reaction product is hydrogenated in the gas and/or liquid phase in a single or multistage process.
- 28. (new) A process for the preparation of at least one primary alcohol comprising the steps of:
 - (a) forming an unsaturated aldehyde reaction product by an aqueous base-catalyzed crossed-aldol condensation reaction between a first aldehyde containing 3-5 carbons and a second aldehyde containing 6-11 carbons in the presence of a water soluble phase-transfer catalyst, wherein the molar ratio of the PTC to the first aldehyde is between 0.01 to 0.2,
 - (b) subjecting the unsaturated aldehyde reaction product obtained in step (a) to hydrogenation to form at least one primary alcohol;
 - (c) separating the PTC from a process stream containing the same by washing the process stream with water wherein the PTC is recovered; and
 - (d) recycling the PTC recovered in step (c) in the crossed-aldol condensation reaction of step (a).